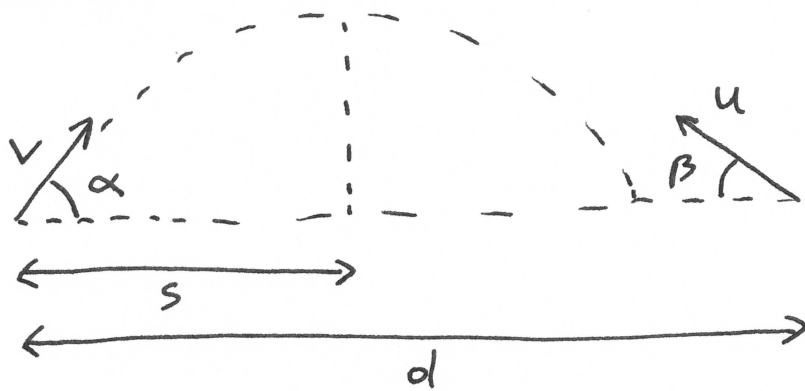
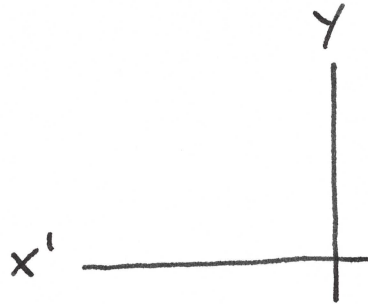


Zadanie 1



$$\begin{cases} u_y = v_y \\ 0 = v_y - g t \\ s = v_x t \\ u_{x'} t = d - s \end{cases}$$



$$u_{x'} = \frac{dg}{v_y} - v_x$$

$$u = \sqrt{u_{x'}^2 + u_y^2} = \sqrt{\frac{d^2 g^2}{v_y^2} - 2dg \frac{v_x}{v_y} + v_x^2 + v_y^2}$$

$$u = \sqrt{\frac{d^2 g^2}{v^2 \sin^2 \alpha} - \frac{2dg}{\tan \alpha} + v^2}$$

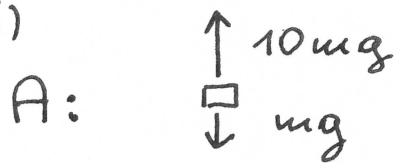
$$\beta = \arctan \frac{u_y}{u_{x'}} = \arctan \frac{v_y}{\frac{dg}{v_y} - v_x}$$

$$\beta = \arctan \frac{v^2 \sin^2 \alpha}{dg - v^2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha}$$

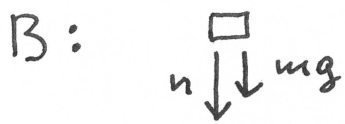
□

Zadanie 2

(i)



$$9mg = m \frac{v_A^2}{R}$$



$$n + mg = m \frac{v_B^2}{R}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} m v_A^2 = \frac{1}{2} m v_B^2 + 2mgR$$

$$\frac{1}{2} 9mgR = \frac{1}{2} (n + mg)R + 2mgR$$

$$n = 4mg$$

(ii)

$$n = 2mg$$

$$\frac{1}{2} m v_A^2 = \frac{1}{2} m v_B^2 + 2mgR + |W_f|$$

$$\frac{1}{2} 9mgR = \frac{1}{2} 3mgR + 2mgR + f_{sr} \pi R$$

$$f_{sr} = \frac{mg}{\pi}$$

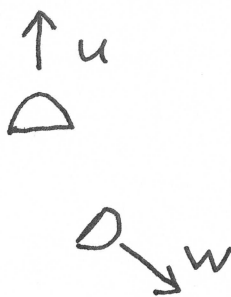
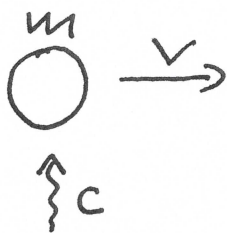
(iii)

$$f_{sr} = \mu n_{sr}$$

$$\frac{mg}{\pi} = \mu \frac{10mg + 2mg}{2}$$

$$\mu = \frac{1}{6\pi} \approx 0,05 \quad \square$$

Zadanie 3

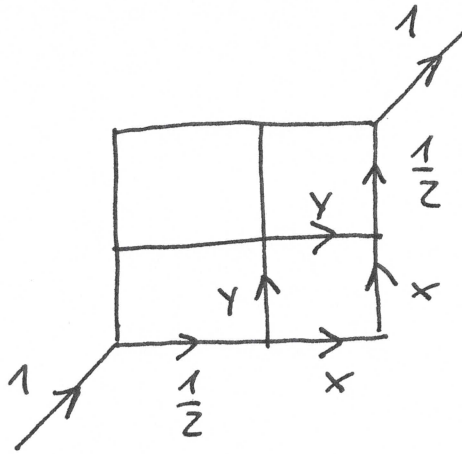
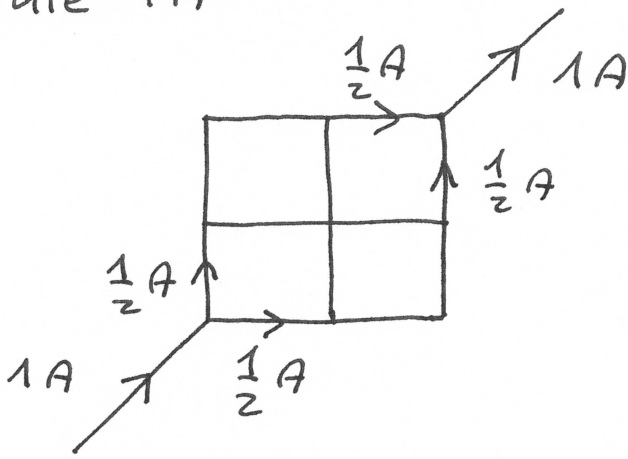


$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{2} m v^2 + h \frac{c}{\lambda} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{m}{2} u^2 + \frac{1}{2} \frac{m}{2} w^2 + E \\ m v = \frac{m}{2} w_x \\ \frac{m}{2} u = \frac{m}{2} w_y \end{array} \right.$$

$$E = \frac{1}{2} m v^2 + h \frac{c}{\lambda} - \frac{1}{4} m u^2 - \frac{1}{4} m (w_x^2 + w_y^2)$$

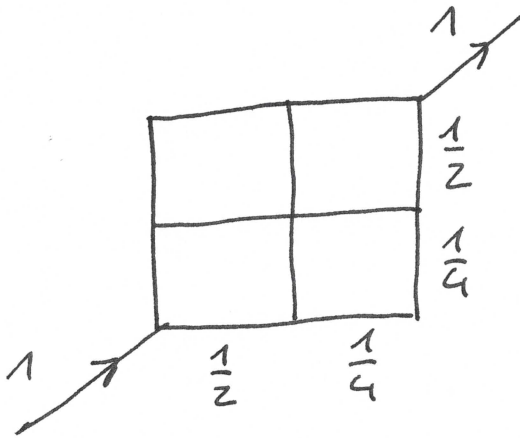
$$E = h \frac{c}{\lambda} - \frac{1}{2} m v^2 - \frac{1}{2} m u^2 \quad \square$$

Zadanie 4A



$$y \cdot 1 \Omega + y \cdot 1 \Omega = x \cdot 1 \Omega + x \cdot 1 \Omega$$

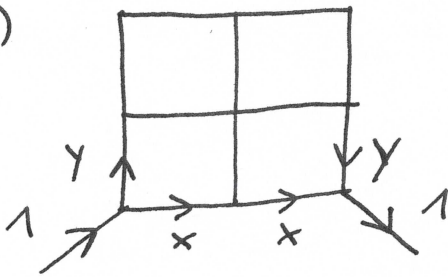
$$y = x$$



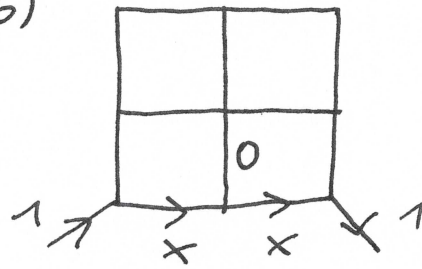
$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1}{1} = \frac{3}{2} \Omega \quad \square$$

Zadanie 4B

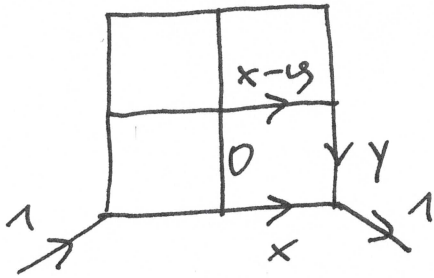
(a)



(b)

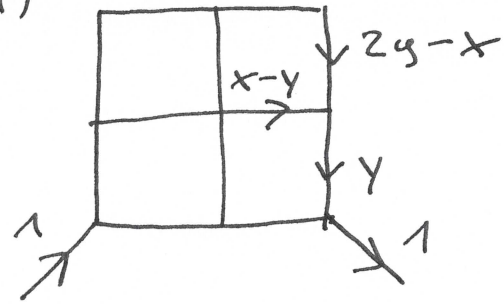


(c)

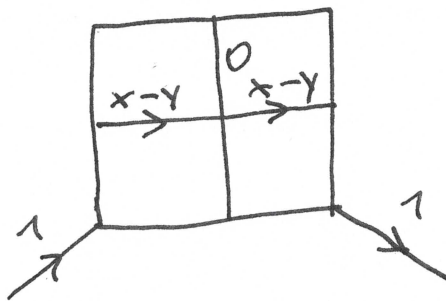


$$(x-y) \cdot 1 + y \cdot 1 = x \cdot 1$$

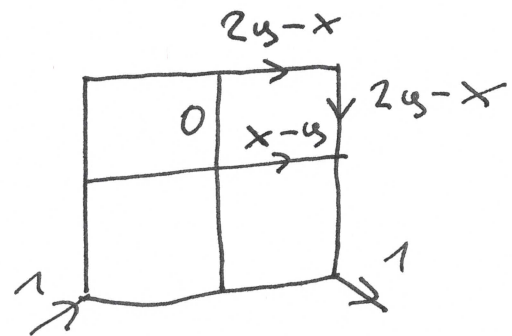
(d)



(e)

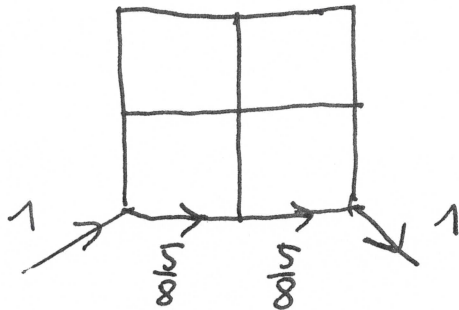


(f)



$$\begin{cases} (2y-x) \cdot 2 = (x-y) \cdot 1 \\ x+y=1 \\ x = \frac{5}{8} \end{cases}$$

(g)



$$\frac{\frac{5}{8} \cdot 1 + \frac{5}{8} \cdot 1}{1} = \frac{5}{4} \Omega$$

□